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THE NEW-YORK TIMES.

A Political, Literary and Miscellaneous Newspaper.

CAMPAIGN EDITION.

THE NEW-YORK TIMES—CAMPAIGN EDITION.

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GENERAL TELEGRAMS.

Destruction of an Oil-Refinery Near Cleveland, Ohio.

The Cass County, Mo., Assassins Still at Large.

Gov. Brown Too Much Absorbed to Enforce the Laws.

Letter From D. W. Voorhees on What His Party Will Do.

No Change in the Situation on the Indirect Claims Question.

AN OIL FIRE.

Destruction of a Refinery and Warehouses Near Cleveland, Ohio—Burning Oil Flowing Down a River.

CLEVELAND, May 5.—About 5 o'clock last evening a fire broke out in one of the agitators of the Standard Oil Company Works, situated a mile and a half south-east of this city. In a few minutes three stills were on fire, and their contents, escaping, ran down the hill into the river, which was soon covered with burning oil. The Fire Department could do little or nothing toward extinguishing the flames, but directed their efforts toward saving such portions of the works as were near the burning oil. About 4,000 barrels of distilled and refined oil were burned, and the refinery damaged to the amount of $10,000. The total loss is about $25,000. About an hour later the oil shipping-house and platform near the Atlantic and Great Western Depot caught fire and were totally destroyed, together with the contents, consisting of between 150 and 200 barrels of refined oil. Loss about $10,000. It was with the greatest difficulty that the bonded warehouse, near the burning sheds, and containing 2,000 barrels of refined oil, were saved.

THE MISSOURI MOB.

No Arrests of the Assassins Yet—Gov. Brown Too Busy to Restore Order.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 5.—A dispatch from Holden, Mo., says: "There is the best assurance for saying that if the Sheriff of Cass County fails to perform his duty that the United States authorities will arrest the assassins of STEVENSON, CLINE and DURNON in the face of Gov. BROWN's proclamation."

THE DEMOCRACY.

What Mr. Voorhees Says Will be Done—The "Liberal" Movement Without Strength in Indiana.

TERRE HAUTE, Ind., May 5.—The following telegram has been received here:

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 4.

Editor of the Terre Haute Journal:

The Democracy will meet as usual in National Convention, and, through its authorized delegates, nominate its candidates and declare its policy. Until then no man has the right to commit the party as to its future action. Its organization and principles should be maintained at all hazards.

(Signed,) D. W. VOORHEES.

The Liberal movement has no perceptible strength here, both parties repudiating it with almost entire unanimity.

Baltimore Bids for the Democratic Convention.

BALTIMORE, Md., May 5.—The *Gazette*, this morning, urges the Democratic National Committee to select Baltimore as the place of meeting for the next National Convention, and says in such an event a building of such magnitude as proper for the occasion will be erected and appropriately decorated.

A RIOT PREVENTED.

Threatened Disturbance Between Colored Odd-Fellows from Washington and Alexandria.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—There was a large turnout of colored Odd-fellows at this city, today, to attend the funeral of a deceased brother at Alexandria. Upon marching to the latter place there were indications of a disturbance between the excursionists and the people of that city, together with a number of roughs from this city. Mayor LATHAM, in person, headed the Alexandria Police, and, aided by a number of the citizens, prevented a serious riot.

Some thirty or forty arrests were made. Mayor RICHARDS, of Washington, had a body of Police at the wharf upon the return of the excursion boats—there in number—but there was no occasion given to make arrests.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

No Change in the Position on the Indirect Claims.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—There is no change in the position of the *Alabama* question since the recent semi-official publication, in which it was said the claims for indirect damages have not been, and would not be, withdrawn. This Government has not, in its statement or counter statement, asked the tribunal of arbitrators to draw any distinction between the two classes of claims for direct and indirect damages, but both have been submitted together, in the hope the tribunal will exercise the power conferred upon it to award a sum in gross to be paid by Great Britain to the United States. The suggestion that we would not ask the Tribunal for any moneyed consideration for indirect damages, provided Great Britain would not claim compensation for similar injuries, under like circumstances—was discussed by prominent gentlemen of both countries, before the ultimatum was made to Great Britain, that we would accept it as an exact and satisfactory solution of the present difficulty. But it appears from conversations in prominent circles that great Britain does not deem it necessary to officially make the declination, or to enter into such a stipulation, for the reason that she never admitted the principle of claims for indirect damages as between nations and adheres to her position on the question as heretofore expressed.

MEXICO.

Progress of Reactionist Order Slow—Forcible Plan—A New Claims Commissioner Coming to Washington.

CITY OF MEXICO, April 27, via. HAVANA, March 5.—Confidence is slowly returning, and the prospects of commerce are becoming more hopeful. Anarchy continues in the States of Durango, San Luis Potosi, Zacatecas and Jalisco. Government forces are recuperating the places once held by the Yucatan insurgents.

The whereabouts of PORFIRIO DIAZ is unknown. JUSTO BENITEZ, his private secretary, was killed on the 6th inst. in a skirmish near Orizaba.

ROCHA has destroyed the remnants of DONATO GUERRA's troops, and SALADOR has routed his cavalry. One thousand men have been sent to operate on the rear and flank of NEGRETE and MENDEZ's forces in the Puebla Mountains.

LERDO DE TEJADA is on the steps of absence. He is supposed to be on accounts of a disagreement with MEJIA. GRESHAM, the new member of the Claims Commission, will leave for Washington in the American packet on the 16th proximo. CASTELLO VELASCO, Minister of the Interior, has resigned.

LERDO DE TEJADA is recovering from his dangerous illness. He enters the Cabinet as Foreign Minister. MARISCAL goes as Ambassador to Spain. It is understood that Count ESTERHAZY comes to Mexico as German Minister.

The Government is in strengthened circumstances and greatly in debt to its employes. Congress is now discussing a bill to grant JUAREZ ample powers, and although it is strongly opposed, the measure is expected to pass.

The opposition attack in Congress the right to make a concession to the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. The entire Press favor liberal concessions to all American companies, exhibiting an earnestness for internal improvements. Gen. ROSECRANS has arrived here, and is being well received.

Congress has extended the time for laying the submarine cable to one year.

Indignation is expressed at the American General MCCOOK's report upon Mexican affairs, and surprise is expressed that the report was seen in Congress without consent.

Mr. PLUMB gave a banquet on the 21st instant to the members of the Press, at which a pledge was given to support his project of an international Railroad through Mexico.

FEARFUL SHIPWRECK.

Loss of the Brig Maria. With the New-Guinea Expedition—Fearful Sufferings of Passengers and Crew—Forty-Three Persons Missing.

From the Auckland (New-Zealand) Southern Cross, March 20.

It will be remembered that an expedition left Sydney a few months back, for the purpose of exploring the Island of New-Guinea, chiefly with the view of seeking gold there. The sad fate of this party is disclosed in the subjoined telegrams published in Sydney papers:

CARDWELL, March 4.—The brig Maria, bound for New-Guinea, from Sydney, is a total wreck on the Bramble Reef. Only 57 souls have been here. Twenty-eight of the passengers have arrived in two boats. Forty-seven in another boat and on rafts are missing. The steam-ship Townsee has been dispatched on a cruise in search of the missing men. The vessel was wrecked on Monday last. The persons saved are the chief officer, two third officers, Mr. Angus De Bruyn, Mr. Bright, Mr. Good, and Gebbie (?), storekeeper. Passengers—Messrs. Powell, Macy, Hargraves, Konig, Robinson, Dickinson, Syetel, Chalow, Crommelin, Mundats, Croft, Lehr, Broadhurst, Barclay, Gray, Blackman, King, Ramsay, Pogue, Lane, Fox and Hessel.

BRISBANE, March 7.—The Colonial Secretary of Queensland received at Brisbane the following telegram from Cardwell this morning: Two boats containing twenty-eight men of the crew of the brig *Maria*, from Sydney, arrived at noon. The mate states that the vessel left Sydney for New-Guinea, and struck on a reef early morning of Monday last. The passengers, men, women and children, and the crew, numbering in all sixty-one, landed on Bramble Reef. It struck the reef about 3 o'clock on Monday morning, Feb. 26. The Captain left the wreck about 5 o'clock the same morning in the best boat, with a crew of six men and fifteen others. The mate, with about thirty others, left on two rafts. The brig commenced to fill up immediately, and went down at 7 o'clock the same morning. The mate believes that part of the crew on the rafts have drifted to some of the islands in the neighborhood, or perhaps to the main land. The wind was blowing strong from the east. The Tamar was started in search at 4 to-morrow morning. Provision has been made for housing and feeding the shipwrecked crew by the Police Magistrate, Mr. SHERIDAN. The mate, doctor and two seamen belonged to the ship; the remainder were passengers, all of whom are named, with another is described as doctor and steerage-keeper. They assert that the Captain deserted them.

BRISBANE, March 8.—A telegram has been received by the Colonial Secretary of Queensland from the Police Magistrate at Cardwell. It states that the *Tamone* came to anchor last night, and that the pilot reports having been to the wreck on Bramble Reef. No sign of people could be found. A steamer is searching the islands and the north main shore, and this morning a crew in a boat has been cruising inside the bay to meet the steamer at Tam O'Shanter Point. Two men, part of the Captain's boat's crew, arrived this morning on foot. The report that they landed at Tam O'Shanter Point, where they were attacked by the blacks. They saw the Captain and another man murdered, but they cannot say whether the other three men who were in the boat with them are alive or dead. Two days' rations were in the boat when she left the wreck. The mate of the ill-fated brig was visited, but there was no one there. Wreck was hanging on the coral in such a manner as to show that the water had covered it. The Captain's boat from the *Maria* went ashore at Tam O' Shanter Point. Two men escaped, but they were badly cut on their hands and heads by the blacks with wooden swords. Their names are WALLAN and FINNEY. They did not know whether all the others who left in the boat with them had been killed or not. Two armed parties are out in search. Mr. Surveyor BULL's boat remained at Tam O'Shanter Point. The *Tart*, commanded by Mr. SMELIN, of Her Majesty's *Basilisk*, also started this morning in search of the missing men. Additional names of persons saved: Robertstone, Wallace, Satrichsen (J. Reynell) and Finn. (?)

CARDWELL, March 7.—At 10 o'clock this morning, two men—WILSON and SULLIVAN—forming part of the Captain's crew, arrived here. They were in a state of nudity, and say they had been so five days. When the blacks attacked them they escaped to the water, and swam some little distance from shore. The blacks kept them there till dark, when they left. After swimming several rivers they returned to a hill, being followed by the black, and lay there for two days. They arrived here in a state of prostration. They have sword and spear wounds over different parts of their bodies, but are in a fair way of recovery. Two search boats have returned. The second boat to go out on landing on the beach, were rushed on by hundreds of blacks; they succeeded, however, in bringing away the missing boat of the Captain. Forty-three are still missing, and it is feared they will be murdered. It is supposed for a moment that the Captain and two of the crew were killed by the blacks. The Queensland Government steamer, *Governor Blackall*, which has been placed at the disposal of the New South Wales Government, having taken in a large supply of coals and provisions, sailed from Brisbane for the scene of the disaster, under the command of Lieut. GOWLAND. She had on board a government boat's crew, well armed, and also a number of persons, principally friends of the missing men, who had volunteered to proceed with the expedition, and assist in the search for the unfortunate passengers who left on the 26th ult. in the brig. They are all well armed, and a plentiful supply of ammunition. The reefs, islands and mainland in the vicinity, or wherever it is probable that the ship-wrecked men might have landed, will be thoroughly searched, and it is to be hoped successfully.

A RUFFIAN KILLED.

The Shooting of a Citizen of South Carolina, by United States Soldiers.

Deputy United States Marshal J. D. F. DUNCAN, of South Carolina, has made the following statement of the circumstances connected with the shooting of one MINOR PARIS, at Cherokee Ford, on Broad River, Union County, South Carolina, on the morning of the 12th of April:

"The shooting was done by a detachment of soldiers, in command of Lieut. HERRON. Myself and Lieut. HERRON had been informed that MINOR PARIS was at the fishing-ground at that place, and went there for the purpose of arresting him. On coming to the place, PARIS was placed sentinels near the fishing-ground, in the neighborhood of his boat, and at about sunrise in the morning the said PARIS, with one MORMON HARRIS, was seen approaching the boat, about sixty or seventy yards astern, when the sentinel hailed them. They then stopped and I came up, and PARIS hailed, and swore that no two men but he should land, and ran for his boat—the soldiers following and imploring him to stop and surrender. He repeatedly refused, and cursed the soldiers whenever they called to him to halt, and at last they told him if he did not stop and give up they would shoot him, when he repeated his curses in the most defiant manner, and leaping into the boat, jumped in it and pushed off from the shore. When the soldiers arrived at the bank they again called to him to surrender, and he refusing, they fired some pistol shots into the water near his boat, and finding that of no avail, they fired several shots at him after he was at the distance of some 300 or 400 yards from the shore, when he fell, wounded through the hips. His boat drifted against a rock, and he crawled up from it, and remained on the rock until myself and Lieut. HERRON came to the scene, when another boat was procured and he was brought to shore. Afterward medical aid was procured, when it was pronounced that his wound was mortal. He lived until about 3½ o'clock the same day and died of the wound. PARIS has been lying out for some months past to evade arrest for assisting a Kuklux party to murder one BOB ROUNTREE, colored, of which charge there is positive proof, and for which a bench-warrant was issued by the Judges of the United States Court."

What the St. Louis Times Says It Will Do.

ST. LOUIS, May 5.—The *Times* says it will support the Greeley and Brown ticket cheerfully by laboring for an endorsement of their candidacy by the Democratic National Convention, believing they can be elected, and expresses the belief that not only will the Democratic Party indorse the ticket through their National Convention without assent or division, but that it will acquire accessions unexpected, strength, and finally be ratified by the large popular and electoral vote given to any candidate since 1852.

WASHINGTON.

How the Democrats Regard the Cincinnati Nominations.

Incidents of the Liberal Convention—How Delegations Were Manufactured—A Campaign Document—Democratic Aspirants for the Presidency.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 5.—Private dispatches are coming from all parts of the country to prominent politicians here, of both parties. From them it is plainly evident GREELEY will not do the Democrats much good any where in the West, and it is also pretty certain that no very large number of the Germans have any idea of supporting him. The new element introduced into the campaign by the nomination of Mr. GREELEY has been pretty well discussed here. Those who are disposed to counteract his nomination in its moral accent to the Republican Party, allow that it is possible that in New-Hampshire, Connecticut, New-York, and Pennsylvania he may be able to reduce the Republican vote enough to give those States to the Democrats. The Democrats should not be put down as chary of such predictions, however, for they make them freely and strongly, and there is no end of States that they claim Mr. GREELEY will add them to carry. They count on Indiana, Illinois, Ohio, New-Jersey, and some of the doubtful Southern States, in addition to those before mentioned. Indeed they like Mr. GREELEY so much as an ally that it is a wonder they do not indorse him out and out, and martial their forces to his support.

AN INCIDENT OF THE LIBERAL CONVENTION.

As an illustration of the manner in which Mr. GREELEY's nomination was received by a large portion of the Cincinnati Convention, fully confirming the dispatches of the TIMES from that city, it has been ascertained that Senator PRATT, as soon as he heard of the nomination, telegraphed to the presiding officer, Mr. SCHURZ, tendering his congratulations to the Convention upon the result. The dispatch was received about the moment when the indignation was highest, and it being shown to some gentlemen on the platform they discreetly advised that it be not read, and it was accordingly suppressed.

BLAIR STILL FOR GREELEY.

Senator FRANK BLAIR, who put up the job with GRATZ BROWN to nominate GREELEY, has returned. He professes to be sincere in his desire to secure the Democratic indorsement for the ticket for which he is responsible.

HOW DELEGATIONS WERE MANUFACTURED AT CINCINNATI.

Among the most conspicuous instances of wholesale fraud were the States of Delaware, North Carolina, South Carolina, Nevada and Oregon, which with one exception were wholly represented either by Democrats, or by residents of other States who happened to be in attendance at the Convention. This was also the case in part with West Virginia, while the States of Maine, New-Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Texas and California, were represented by self-constituted delegations, numbering from one to ten persons—there not being in the case of any one of these States enough persons present to cast the full vote of the State, which was cast, however, under the rule of the Convention, by those who were present. In this way a newspaper correspondent residing in Washington cast the six votes of Delaware; another correspondent residing here, cast the same way part of the vote of West Virginia; a Washington City reporter, aided by the notorious Democratic stumper, R. B. CARPENTER, cast in like manner the full vote of South Carolina; nine persons from Georgia, headed by a man who says he means to vote for GRANT, cast the twenty-two votes of that great State. Thus through the list. The nomination of GREELEY and BROWN was secured by a majority of many of these States, three represented made for GREELEY when BROWN gave the signal. The fraudulent character of this representation was one of the most shameful features of the Convention, and when it is alluded to as a representative body the people should bear in mind that fraud was a leading element in its constitution.

A CAMPAIGN DOCUMENT.

Mr. DAWES' speech on the tariff has been very heavily subscribed for by Republicans for issue during the coming campaign. As a vindication of the integrity of the Administration of President GRANT, his speech will prove hard to overcome by insinuations and reckless charges or conventional declamation by anxious office seekers.

DEMOCRATIC ASPIRANTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY.

The friends of the different Democratic aspirants for a nomination by the regular Democratic Convention have already begun work here. TOM HENDRICKS is first in the field, and VOORHEES said yesterday he would be the Democratic candidate.

CONGRESSIONAL MATTERS.

The pending business in the Senate to-morrow will be the Post-office Appropriation bill, and also the Senate bill to amend the Penal code, and a full understanding has been had that the bill may be finished to-morrow, but there is some doubt that it will be done. In the House there will be the Monday call of States, and motions to suspend rules, so that the discussion may not be resumed on the tariff. The five-minute bill will probably be taken upon amendments till Tuesday.

NAVAL PROMOTIONS.

The Senate Committee on Naval Affairs, to whom was referred the bill to advance HOMER C. BLAKE one grade in the navy by special act of Congress not requiring the nomination or the recommendation of the President, say for this there is no precedent, and that:

First—No promotion should be made out of the regular course except for conspicuous gallantry and meritorious heroism, leading to valuable results, and then only on the recommendation of the President of the United States.

Second—No officer dismissed the service by sentence of Court-martial should be restored, except on the ground that the sentence was unjust, on the recommendation of the President of the United States.

Third—No officer should be retired or placed on the retired list on account of the habitual threat of spirituous liquors, should be restored to a position where he would be responsible for the property of the Government, the lives of others and reputation, and the honor of the American flag.

Fourth—The law allowing the advancement of an officer thirty numbers in his own grade for extraordinary heroism during the war for the suppression of the rebellion, should be repealed.

MAIL SERVICE TO CUBA.

Senator FERRY, of Michigan, has made a report from the Committee on Post-offices and Post-roads in favor of the continuance of services by the Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company between the United States and Cuba. It is stated the duties received by the Government on four of the leading articles imported by this line during the past five years, viz.—sugar, tobacco, cigars and coffee, amounted to the large sum of $26,496,823 in gold or an average of $5,296,364 per year. There has been a steady increase in the importations during the entire period.

Consecration of a Roman Catholic Bishop in Albany.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 5.—Rev. E. P. WADHAMS, for the past twenty-two years a priest in Albany diocese, was consecrated Bishop of Ogdensburg at the Roman Catholic Cathedral today by the Most Rev. Archbishop MCCLOSKY, of New-York, assisted by Right Rev. Bishop J. J. CONROY and several other Bishops from various sections of the country and a number of deacons and subdeacons. Every available spot in the cathedral for sitting and standing room was occupied by a congregation embracing citizens of all denominations of faith. The ceremonies lasted four hours, during which Rev. CLARENCE WALWORTH, pastor of St. Mary's Church, delivered an eloquent and appropriate sermon from the 1623 First Timothy, sixth chapter, twentieth verse—"O, Timothy, keep that which is committed to thy trust." The music, by a very large orchestra in addition to a numerous selected choir, was the most elaborate and effective ever listened to on any similar occasion in this city. The new Bishop was, a few days ago, made the recipient from his friends of an emerald ring encircled with diamonds, a pectoral cross with chain attached for use as a reliquary, a massive crozier exquisitely wrought, and a mitre, all of which were brought into service on the occasion. The whole affair, which was as beautiful as it was impressive, passed off to the satisfaction of both the parishioners and the spectators.

POLITICAL NOTES.

It will cost $4,619,771 to run the State of Ohio this year.

POOR PALMER! He gained nothing, and threw away even that last he had.

LONG JOHN WENTWORTH spent a hundred dollars telegraphing despatches to Judge DAVIS.

Admirers of JOHN BROWN are anxious to erect a monument to his memory at Harper's Ferry or Charlestown.

The Baltimore *Gazette* wishes the National Democratic Convention called at once, and never thinks it'll be held in that city.

The Washington *Patriot* complains bitterly of the expected absence of large numbers of Democratic members of Congress, both in the Senate and the House of Representatives.

Congressman YOUNG, it is said, telegraphed to Georgia, on Friday night, these few words: "There will be a Democratic Convention. We are not responsible for Cincinnati. We stand by our guns."

The Jackson (Miss.) *Clarion* condemns the maintenance of the Executive mansion in that State as a luxury made too costly to the people through the perversion of the contingent fund from the objects defined in the law to the personal and household uses of its occupants.

The Southern[?] secession, pro-slavery, anti-reconstruction, Democratic Press very quietly looks favorably upon the nomination of GREELEY for President. Sailing JEFF. DAVIS and bidding the wayward sisters to go in peace thus have their reward—shah sail it.

The Cincinnati *Commercial* says that among the editors of some thirty German papers (mostly daily) of Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, New-York, and Pennsylvania, now met in a Harmonie Hall in this city, on Friday evening, there was not one who expressed himself in favor of GREELEY and BROWN.

Gen. ISEMODEN has exasperated some of his Democratic associates in Virginia by advising that they should endeavor to win the negro vote. He tells them, however, in return that they are frail remains of the old Democratic Party, and have been engulfed in the political honeycomb that has been in the process of building for the last twenty years. It will hardly ever be dug up again except as curiosities, like the sharks' teeth and bones they are finding in the tunnel under Church Hill.

The Osceola (Iowa) *Sentinel* ridicules the *Tribune's* statement that nearly every county in the State was represented in the Davenport Convention. It says: "The friends of the Liberal cause here do not claim over forty counties out of the sixty-eight, and to the strength of the delegations we learn from the from some of the strongest counties in the State only one man attended said Convention. We venture the assertion that out of the twenty-three counties in the old Fifth District, at least twenty were not represented at all in the Convention."

FRANZ ABT.

Reception by the Saengerbund Societies Last Night—A Short Sketch of His Life.

The reception festivities in honor of FRANZ ABT, the distinguished German composer, who arrived here on Saturday night in the steamer Rhein, came off at the Germania Assembly Rooms last night, under the auspices of the societies of the New-York Allgemeine Saengerbund, and other German musical societies. Ample preparations had been made, but as the reception had to take place off last night, Mr. ABT being obliged to go to Washington this morning, the torch-light procession and the serenade had to be omitted. The reception was therefore confined to a concert by the Saengerbund, and the festivities called "a German soirée." Previous to the reception the composer attended the concert of the Liederkranz, whose guest he is at the Belvedere House. The officers of the Saengerbund waited upon him at Liederkranz Hall, and escorted him to the Germania Assembly Rooms, where he was received with enthusiasm, the vocalists of the Saengerbund Societies chanting several of ABT's compositions.

FRANZ ABT was born in 1819, in Eilenburg, in Prussian Saxony, and received his first musical education from his father, a musical clergyman. He studied theology, but that profession was abandoned for that of music, and after having produced many popular compositions he was appointed, in 1841, to the position of musical director at the City Theatre at Zurich, in Switzerland. From this period to 1852 he was successively leader as musical director and composer. In 1852 he took up his domicile in Brunswick, Germany, where, in 1855, he was appointed chief musical director of the Grand Ducal Theatre, which position he has held until his present voyage to this country. ABT is the composer of some of the most popular vocal compositions extant, as "Du Traute Liebe," "Lied das Standchen," &c., and the piano-forte literature has been considerably enriched by his productions. The Liederkranz, the Arion, and other leading American musical organizations, have made him an honorary member of their respective societies.

An English Officer in Bankruptcy.

In the Court of Bankruptcy, Lincoln's-inn-fields, London, on April 30, a sitting for public examination was held under an adjudication obtained in November last against Hon. GEORGE AUGUSTUS PARKER, stated to be commonly called Viscount PARKER, and described as late lieutenant in the First Regiment of Life Guards, and son of the Usted States of America. The petitioning creditors, Mr. THOMAS M. HOSTSON, of Suffolk-place, Pall-mall, for principal and interest, the sum of bankruptcy alleged being that the debtor on the 15th of September, 1868, quitted England and had since remained abroad. At the first meeting Mr. C. CHATTERIS, accountant, was appointed trustee, to act with Mr. J. H. SADLER, of Chancery-lane, Mr. ALFRED STEDFORD, and Mr. G. F. THOMAS, military bootmaker, of St. James-street, as a committee of inspection.

Mr. E. F. DAVIS appeared for the trustee; Mr. BAGLEY for the bankrupt; Mr. CHUDLEY and Mr. THEODORE LUMLEY for creditors.

Upon the case being called on the bankrupt did not surrender, though it was stated that at the first sitting his solicitor had asked for an extension of the usual interval before the public examination, in order that he might communicate with his client.

Mr. BAGLEY said that he was instructed by the bankrupt's friends to appear for him upon the present occasion, but as the bankrupt did not attend he presumed that the case would follow the usual course.

Mr. CHUDLEY and Mr. LUMLEY asked that some explanation should be given as to the bankrupt's absence, and it was desirable to ascertain whether he had any intention of returning to this country, and whether there would be any property for division.

Mr. BAGLEY said he was not aware that the bankrupt knew of the present sitting.

Mr. DAVIS said the trustee had been engaged in investigating the property to which the bankrupt was entitled in reversionary interest in the Macclesfield estates, subject to certain annuities, and it would be necessary before the reversion could be sold to examine all the parties.

The Court regretted the bankrupt's absence, and said the usual memorandum of non-appearance must be entered.

The Bowery Stabbing—Smith Dying.

At Essex Market Police Court, yesterday, JOHN E. MOSTHEIM, of No. 39 Monroe-street, the young man who on Saturday night fatally stabbed FRANK SMITH, keeper of a concert saloon at No. 41 Bowery, was arraigned before Justice SCOTT by the Tenth Precinct Police. He was held to await the result of SMITH's injuries. A certificate was produced from Police Surgeon WATERMAN stating that there was absolutely no hope of SMITH's recovery. Yesterday he was sinking fast, and his death is hourly expected.

The Suits Against W. P. Weld & Co.—Return of Their Books.

From the Boston Traveller, May 4.

Everybody remembers the famous case of The United States vs. WM. P. WELD & Co., in which the defendants are charged with evading the payment of duties on large importations of flutseeds and other spices, by collusion with weighers in the Custom-house. The warrant authorizing a search of their premises was issued on the 30th day of November last; and although at that time they met with some resistance, they succeeded in taking away the books of the concern and locking them in the hands of the United States District-Attorney. These books have been held until sufficient evidence was accumulated to warrant the preparation of an indictment containing nine specific counts, and laying the damages to the Government at $1,000,000. This indictment will probably be tried at the forthcoming term of the United States District Court. Yesterday, on petition of Messrs. BAKER and WELD, the books, thirty-two in number, were returned to the firm and receipted for by Mr. RICHARD OLNEY, their counsel.

It is understood that Messrs. WELD & Co. acted upon suitable notice to produce the books in Court at the trial; and, further, that the United States may use in evidence only authenticated copies of such parts or parts of any of such books as may be material in said action; the defendants not raising any objection whatever to the admission in evidence of said books or of copies thereof. The order of Court granting the petition has appended the following rescript:

"Received all the above-mentioned books and papers under the aforesaid order of Court. RICHARD OLNEY,
For W. P. WELD & Co."

A PARISIAN TRAGEDY.

A Lioness and Its Keeper—A Wronged Husband's Revenge Upon His Wife.

Paris (April 29) Correspondence of the London Daily Telegraph.

An anonymous Count has today made a murderess but also somewhat romantic attack on his wife. Her confuse had raised suspicions in his mind of her loyalty, and yesterday he fathomed the guilty mystery much to her cost and his own. The tragedy was perpetrated in a minor street of the Quartier Latin. A medical student was one of the actors in it, and the young wife had grown so enamored of him that she paid him frequent visits, which were prolonged for hours. So little reserve was exercised by them in their mutual intimacy that the Lothario did not use his own rooms for their assignations—he borrowed those of an obliging friend which were situate on the sixth floor of a large house at No. 14 Rue des Ecoles. The Count was apprised of the intrigue, but he resolved to say nothing to his wife until he should convince himself by the evidence of his own eyes. From frequent watching he learned where she spent her hours of absence, and the whole affair was explained to him by one who visited. Yesterday after luncheon, she went out, as usual, unattended. He followed her at a distance, saw her enter the house for which she was bound, and hovered near the door till he thought he was certain to catch her *en flagrante delicto*. Then he passed the porter's lodge, and was proceeding deliberately upstairs when the porter, who most likely knew him, endeavored to prevent him. Failing in that, he made noise enough to alarm the paramours in the room. The Count's knock was not responded to for several minutes, and then, several, whilst the medical student used for escaping by a back window on to the roof of an adjoining house. Before opening the door the wife confessed her presence, and, after some parleying, obtained her husband's word of honor that he would commit no violence. When she had let him in, her fright was, in Divorce Court parlance, "dire." He first searched the room for her paramour, and, when disappointed of finding him, he gave way to a paroxysm of fury, in which he rushed at the poor woman, and stabbed her several times with his sword-stick. Twice it penetrated her breast, once it entered her stomach, and one or two slighter wounds were inflicted on her limbs.

While she lay on the ground bathed in blood, he threw from him the sword-stick and, locking the door behind him, again proceeded quietly down-stairs. In passing the lodge he told the porter that he had killed his wife, and went off to confess to her. This incredulous or over-discreet person did not attempt to detain him; nor did he hurry himself to ascertain what had really occurred on the sixth floor. The woman had meanwhile gathered strength enough to drag herself to a window and scream "Murder." Her cries were heard in the wine-shop opposite, and two men ran across to her assistance. On reaching the room, they found the door locked, and a chisel had to be resorted to force it open. When they entered the woman was gasping on the floor, with the blood streaming from her wounds. As soon as possible the Police had her removed to the hospital at La Pitie, where she now lies in an almost hopeless condition. The husband, while on his way for a priest, must have changed his mind, for he went instead to his family doctor, and told him all, urging him to go at once to the scene of the dying woman. The doctor proceeded to No. 14 Rue des Ecoles, but ere he arrived his patient had been conveyed to the hospital. The Count went afterward to the Prefecture of Police and surrendered himself. An inquiry was immediately undertaken by M. COMPARD, the Prefect, in course of which a strange tale of first love has been developed. The paramours had been brought up in the same village and had loved each other passionately while little more than children. The parents had allowed them to accept each other's troth, and a time for their marriage was fixed upon, when "family interests" intervened on the female side. The engagement was broken off, and the *fiancée* was forced to marry against her will the man whom she afterward betrayed. The young man established himself in Paris in one of the public administrations, and his real bride was also brought there after her marriage. They met, and, the old love reviving in her bosom, by degrees overthrew her sense of duty. She became a mistress to the man she should have married. He has not been heard of since his escape by the roof, and the husband's wrongs was no doubt aggravated by his wife's refusal to confess his name. The occupier of the rooms, however, has furnished that information. According to latest accounts from the hospital, the woman continues in a very precarious condition.

BY MAIL AND TELEGRAPH.

There were 1,630 births, 457 marriages and 1,322 deaths in Richmond, Va., last week.

The bark *Ellen Sykes*, from New-York, for Havana, is ashore near Nuevitas, Cuba.

ANDREW JOHNSON's claim for income tax paid on his salary as President amounts to $6,000.

JOHN WEBB, a clerk, aged twenty-eight, shot and killed himself on Saturday night in a beer-saloon in Baltimore.

A ratification meeting by the Liberal Republicans and Democrats will be held in Springfield, Ill., to-night.

The President and Treasurer of the International Society in Copenhagen, Denmark, have been arrested.

A South Carolina negro draws the plow, while his wife holds it and drives. With a long switch she speeds the plowman smartly.

A fire yesterday evening in Shippensburg, Penn., destroyed nine stables, besides endangering the business portion of the town.

MAX FRIEDLANDER, editor-in-chief of the *New Free Press*, of Vienna, and one of the leading Austrian publicists, has died from an aneurism.

A free reading-room and library of nearly 1,000 volumes, with all the leading newspapers and periodicals, was opened on Wednesday, at Hazleton, Penn.

The receipts from the tax on tobacco in Richmond during the past four months of this year, show a falling off of $237,478 as compared with last year, the total being only $636,736.

A Detroit man has just painted his house black, his doors a bright red, and the windows a sky-blue. The picket fence is to be red, white and blue, and then he expects to have a place that will attract attention.

BENJ. H. HILL and ROBERT TOOMBS last week argued a case before the Supreme Court of Georgia, involving the validity of the acts of the last session of the Bullock Legislature after the expiration of the legal term of forty days.

The Press and citizens of Atlanta have made arrangements to entertain the Georgia Press Convention on the 8th inst. The members of the Press and their families will be the guests of the citizens at the Kimball House.

JOHN W. R. WILKINSON, a wood-carver, in Baltimore, aged twenty-seven, killed his wife, aged twenty-three, on Saturday night, and left her dead upon the floor with a gash in the throat. He then took strychnine, but will recover. WILKINSON has been committed.

The Sacramento *Union* thinks California has never been fully appreciated or cared for as she ought to be. "Even the Californians as a community of backwoodsmen, and millionaires who are property to be used to furnish gold for our merchants, and their country as a place to emigrate to for

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

COSMOS AND COSMAL ISLANDS. By Prof. JAMES D. DANA, of Yale College. With a colored frontispiece. 8vo. pages 756. Price, cloth, $4 50. New-York: Dodd & Mead.

There has been of late years a wonderful growth in popular scientific literature, due to large proportion of it has been the work of the leaders of the scientific world, who have thus made a virtue of necessity. Many a scientist who is not actually the first in the country, is a better popularizer of the facts of science than the man who is actually the first. Prof. DANA is not actually the first—only the second—in this country, but he is perhaps the best popularizer of scientific facts and principles that we have. His contributions to the Atlantic Monthly have been among the most valuable articles that have appeared in that magazine, and his books have established him as a standard authority in his department of science. His style is clear and forcible, and he has the faculty of making the most difficult subject interesting to the general reader. His latest book, "Cosmos and Coral Islands," is one of the most important and valuable of his works. It is a treatise on Coral Islands and Coral Reefs, and is the result of the author's observations during the voyage around the world in the years 1838 to 1842. The object of the voyage was to make observations in the Pacific Ocean, and Prof. DANA was appointed Geologist, which made him the chief scientific officer of the expedition. He has since been engaged in preparing the results of his observations for publication. Although the voyage was made nearly forty years ago, the work has been delayed by the necessity of waiting for the publication of the Government reports, and also by the author's own engagements. The first volume of the present work, which is now before us, is devoted to the Coral Islands, and the second volume will be devoted to the Volcanic Islands. The first volume is divided into three parts, the first of which is devoted to the Coral Islands in general, the second to the Coral Islands of the Pacific Ocean, and the third to the Coral Islands of the Atlantic and Indian Oceans. The second part is the most interesting, as it contains the results of the author's own observations. The third part is the most valuable, as it contains the author's theory of the formation of coral islands, which is the result of his observations in all parts of the world. The theory is not entirely new, as it was first published by Darwin in 1842, but it has been modified by the author in accordance with later observations, and is now presented in a more complete form than ever before. The theory is that coral islands are built up from the bottom of the ocean by the coral insect, and that the islands are formed on the summits of submarine mountains, which rise from the bottom of the ocean to within a few fathoms of the surface. The coral insect cannot live at a greater depth than twenty fathoms, and the islands are formed by the growth of the coral insect from the bottom of the ocean to the surface. The theory is supported by a vast number of facts, which are presented in a clear and forcible manner. The work is illustrated by numerous maps and engravings, and is a valuable addition to the literature of science.

Prof. DANA has also published a small volume entitled "Corals and Coral Islands," which contains a popular account of the author's observations and theories. The work is illustrated by numerous engravings, and is written in a clear and attractive style. It is a valuable addition to the literature of science, and will be read with interest by all who desire to obtain a knowledge of the wonders of the coral insect and coral islands. Prof. DANA has also published a volume of "Geological Observations on the Volcanic Islands and Parts of America visited during the Voyage of the United States Exploring Expedition," which is now out of print, and is very scarce. It is a valuable work, and will be republished at an early day.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Manual of Geology," which is the standard text-book in the colleges and universities of the country. It is a large octavo volume of 800 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language. Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Mineralogy and Lithology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Zoophytes," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Crustacea," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Mollusca and Mollusca-like Animals," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Insects," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Fishes," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Reptiles," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Birds," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Mammals," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Man," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Geology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Mineralogy," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Lithology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Zoology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Botany," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Physiology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Anatomy," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Pathology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Therapeutics," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Materia Medica," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Pharmacy," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Obstetrics," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Gynecology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Pediatrics," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Dermatology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Ophthalmology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Otology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Laryngology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Rhinology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Stomatology," which is a valuable work of reference for students and others. It is a large octavo volume of 600 pages, and is illustrated by numerous engravings. It is a valuable work, and is the best text-book on the subject in the English language.

Prof. DANA has also published a work on "Pharyng

LAW REPORTS.

COURT CALENDARS FOR THIS DAY.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—Part I.—Held by Van Brunt, J.—Court opens at 10½ A. M.—Motion calendar.—Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40,

THE POLICE JUSTICES.

Important Action by the Council of Political Reform.

Steps to Legislate for Increasing the Efficiency of the Police Courts—Plans for the Appointment of Commissioners.

A Committee Appointed to Frame the Bills Now Ready for Introduction.

The Council of Political Reform met last night at the Hoffman House, Fifth-ave. and Twenty-third-st., and discussed the question of the Police Courts and the Police Justices. Mr. Theodore Roosevelt presided, and there were present Messrs. Seth Low, Henry E. Howland, Joseph H. Choate, Jr., Lawrence Godkin, Jacob A. Riis, Frederick Rhinelander, Jacob H. Schiff, Oswald Ottendorfer, Dr. Lyman Abbott, Dr. Parkhurst, Dr. Rainsford, Dr. Greer, Dr. Huntington, Dr. Hall, Dr. Hastings, Dr. Deems, Dr. Chapin, Dr. Potter, Dr. Ewer, Dr. Rylance, Dr. Newton

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The public market during the past week has been almost without event, and although sales have been of daily occurrence at the Exchange, none of them, with perhaps one exception, require special mention. We refer to the legal auction held on Tuesday, May 7, by R. H. LUDLOW & Co., at which the business property known as No. 55 Chambers and No. 51 Reade-st., embracing a lot 21 by 131, extending through from street to street, five-story marble-front brick store covering the same thereon, was sold to Mr. WM. RICHARDSON for $147,500. The total value of City realty sold at the Exchange for the week ending with Saturday, May 4, is $420,620, as against the sum of $305,625, the figures for each previous week ending Saturday, April 27. In the matter of private sales there has been some little activity, and considerable property has changed hands, as is shown by our list of transfers published from day to day. Much of the business is, as usual, incident to the 1st of May, and no particular increase over previous years is noticeable. The demand for improved realty continues limited, but the prices for up-town building lots remain firm, and there is a constant inquiry for either exchange or purchase. This week the season for suburban auctions begins, and for the next two months this class of operations will, to a great extent, monopolize public attention. The auction sales to occur this week as given in our list published below. The season for City auctions has not, however, yet closed, for several of real importance will be consummated the next two weeks, to which, to due season, reference will be made.

PROPOSED AUCTIONS THIS WEEK.

During the present week the following sales will be held, at which real estate, as described, will be offered:

Today, Monday, May 6.

By JAMES M. MILLER, at the Exchange, a Supreme Court foreclosure sale, under the direction of THOS. H. LANDON, Esq., referee, a house and lot situate on the south-east corner of Third-avenue and One Hundred and Eighth-street, lot 17.10 by 74, also, at a similar legal auction, CHARLES PECK, Esq., referee, a house and lot on the south side of West Twenty-sixth-street, 420 feet 4 inches west of Sixth-avenue; lot 16.8 by 98.5.

By JOSEPH MCGUIRE, at the Exchange, at a foreclosure sale by order of the Supreme Court, JULIUS J. LYONS, Esq., referee, a house and lot on the south side of East Thirty-first-street, 63 feet west of First-avenue; lot 17.6 by 99.4.

By JESE. JOHNSON, Jr., at Richmond Hill, Long Island, on the ground at 12 M., at public auction, by order of the Executors of Hon. WM. WHITEMORE, deceased, a plot of ground in one lot, 100 by 200, situate on the north side of Fulton-street, embracing a plot of ground in front 100 feet, and extending back of the same width 200 feet to Jamaica-avenue. The property is pleasantly situated in the village of Richmond Hill, and is in the immediate vicinity of the residence of the late owner. The ground is high and dry, and the location is one of the most desirable in the village. Terms liberal. Maps at the auctioneer's office, No. 7 Pine-st.

By MOSES N. CARY, at Somers, Westchester County, on the premises, at 2 P. M., a tract of land containing seventy-five acres known as the Abner Mills farm, subject to a mortgage of $3,000. Sale by foreclosure sale, under the direction of R. DELAFIELD SMITH, Esq., referee. A farm containing about fifty-two acres of land, situated on the road leading from Somers village and adjoining lands of R. F. CAMP, Reuben Hallock, Nicholas Hallock and others.

By the Sheriff of Union County, N. J., at Westfield, N. J., on the property, at 2 P. M., a tract of land containing seventy-five acres known as the Abner Mills farm, subject to a mortgage of $3,000. Sale by foreclosure sale, under the direction of R. DELAFIELD SMITH, Esq., referee, a farm containing about fifty-two acres of land, situated on the road leading from Somers village and adjoining lands of R. F. CAMP, Reuben Hallock, Nicholas Hallock and others.

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Thursday, May 9.

By JAMES M. MILLER, at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court sale in foreclosure, N. JARVIS, Jr., Esq., referee, three houses and lots, located on the north side of West Fifty-seventh-street, fifty feet east of Eleventh-avenue. Lots each in size, 16.8x100.8.

By E. H. LUDLOW & CO., at Bar Rockaway, Long Island, on the premises, at 1 P. M., at an executors' sale, by order of the executors of the estate of RICHARD BAINBRIDGE, deceased, the very valuable and desirable plot of ground, about eight acres in extent, fronting on the ocean, together with the nine cottages and lodge thereon known as the Marine Pavilion Grounds. The cottages are each two stories and basement, and contain twelve rooms, kitchen and nine bedrooms. A stable, with lot of about one-half acre, on Catharine-street, opposite to Lockwood-street, will also be sold. The entire property will be disposed of in one parcel, or divided to suit purchasers. Trains leave foot of Roosevelt and foot of Grand streets at 8¾ and 10 o'clock A. M., via South-side Railroad to Far Rockaway.

By JESE. JOHNSON, Jr., at Ridgewood, Queens, Long Island, on the ground at 12 M., at public auction, 20 handsomely located lots, situated on the turnpike leading to, and opposite, on Wyckoff-avenue, and on Sedgwick, Algonquin, Whitney and Carey streets, in close proximity to the depot of the Long Island Railroad. This proposed transaction is one of interest, for as the sale is announced as absolute and without reserve, it presents a possible chance to secure a lot for building purposes comparatively but a short distance from the City at a reasonable figure. Free special train for auction from Hunter's Point at 10 A. M., via Long Island Railroad, and Thirty-fourth-street Ferries at 11 o'clock. Ticket for excursion and maps of property can be obtained at office of auctioneer, No. 29 Nassau-street.

Friday, May 10.

By A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., at the Exchange, at a supreme court sale, by order of JUDGE INGRAHAM, Esq., referee, the three-story high-stoop brown-stone house and lot, No. 146 East Fifteenth-street, south side, 200 feet west of Third-avenue. Lot 20 by 100.5. House 20 by 54, 3 stories and basement.

By JOSEPH MCGUIRE, at the Exchange, also at a Supreme sale, JAMES H. COLEMAN, Esq., referee, eight building lots on the east side of Ninth-avenue, between the new lines of Williamsbridge and 5th Avenue, from Sixteenth and One Hundred and Seventeenth streets, together in size 201.10 by 100.

For Saturday, May 11, no auctions are as yet announced, but on the following Monday, May 13, the great sale at Elizabeth, N. J., conducted by A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., will occur, at which 600 lots will be offered, an auction which is already thus early attracting public attention, and particularly that of real estate investors, in a very great degree.

PRIVATE SALES.

At private sale the following recent transactions are reported respectively consummated by the brokers named:

By D. M. SHAMAN, one lot, 25 by 110, on the south-west corner of Fifth-avenue and One Hundred and Thirty-seventh-street, sold for $6,000, and one lot, 25 by 100, on West Eighty-first-street, 360 feet west of Eighth-avenue, sold for $10,000. The latter was sold for Liberty Ferry at 11 o'clock. Tickets procurable of auctioneers at No. 4 Pine-street, or of Mr. AHERN, at his office, No. 66 Wall-street.

By ——, at Elizabethport, N. J., on the premises, at 2 P. M., at an assignee's sale in bankruptcy, by order of the United States District Court of New Jersey, under the direction of E. W. MILLER, Esq., assignee, property of the Elizabethport Steam Manufacturing Company, as follows: First—A tract of land, comprising twelve lots between Water and South streets, 147 feet by 300, with front on both streets, together with the two-story brick office, canal and basins, with yard room and sheds for storage. The mill is fully equipped, of large capacity, and in condition for early operation. This property has a frontage on the Elizabeth Creek of about 270 feet, with substantial and capacious docks; the mill has been profitably operated for years, and controls an extensive retail trade. Third—Three lots, fronting on First-street, 175 by 125 feet, with two frame-work shops, 36 by 52 and 30 by 52, adapted for wood work of any description. Fourth—Spoke Mills, consisting of a piece of land on the Elizabeth Creek, 265 feet, on creek of about 278 feet, on which are docks, with sufficient water for vessels of 100 tons. The buildings consist of a new frame factory, with state roof, 35 by 107, with engine-room 25x30, and boiler-room 25x30, and Thirty-seventh street. On the property is a large residence, well built and fitted with every modern convenience. This sale is one of the most important projected for the week, and from its merits should command attention, as few properties now in the market possess a greater prospective value.

By JOSEPH MCGUIRE, at the Exchange, at a Supreme Court foreclosure sale, under the direction of THOS. H. LANDON, Esq., referee, a house and lot situate on the south-east corner of Third-avenue and One Hundred and Eighth-street, lot 17.10 by 74. Also, at a similar legal auction, CHARLES PECK, Esq., referee, a house and lot on the south side of West Twenty-sixth-street, 420 feet 4 inches west of Sixth-avenue; lot 16.8 by 98.5.

By JOSEPH MCGUIRE, at the Exchange, at a foreclosure sale by order of the Supreme Court, JULIUS J. LYONS, Esq., referee, a house and lot on the south side of East Thirty-first-street, 63 feet west of First-avenue; lot 17.6 by 99.4.

By JESE. JOHNSON, Jr., at Richmond Hill, Long Island, on the ground at 12 M., at public auction, by order of the Executors of Hon. WM. WHITEMORE, deceased, a plot of ground in one lot, 100 by 200, situate on the north side of Fulton-street, embracing a plot of ground in front 100 feet, and extending back of the same width 200 feet to Jamaica-avenue. The property is pleasantly situated in the village of Richmond Hill, and is in the immediate vicinity of the residence of the late owner. The ground is high and dry, and the location is one of the most desirable in the village. Terms liberal. Maps at the auctioneer's office, No. 7 Pine-st.

By JESE. JOHNSON, Jr., at Ridgewood, Queens, Long Island, on the ground at 12 M., at public auction, 20 handsomely located lots, situated on the turnpike leading to, and opposite, on Wyckoff-avenue, and on Sedgwick, Algonquin, Whitney and Carey streets, in close proximity to the depot of the Long Island Railroad. This proposed transaction is one of interest, for as the sale is announced as absolute and without reserve, it presents a possible chance to secure a lot for building purposes comparatively but a short distance from the City at a reasonable figure. Free special train for auction from Hunter's Point at 10 A. M., via Long Island Railroad, and Thirty-fourth-street Ferries at 11 o'clock. Tickets for excursion and maps of property can be obtained at office of auctioneer, No. 29 Nassau-street.

Friday, May 10.

By A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO., at the Exchange, at a supreme court sale, JAMES H. COLEMAN, Esq., referee, eight building lots on the east side of Ninth-avenue, between the new lines of Williamsbridge and 5th Avenue, from Sixteenth and One Hundred and Seventeenth streets, together in size 201.10 by 100.

For Saturday, May 11, no auctions are as yet announced, but on the following Monday, May 13, the great sale at Elizabeth, N. J., conducted by A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO., will occur, at which 600 lots will be offered, an auction which is already thus early attracting public attention, and particularly that of real estate investors, in a very great degree.

PRIVATE SALES.

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By D. M. SHAMAN, one lot, 25 by 110, on the south-west corner of Fifth-avenue and One Hundred and Thirty-seventh-street, sold for $6,000, and one lot, 25 by 100, on West Eighty-first-street, 360 feet west of Eighth-avenue, sold for $10,000. The latter was sold for Liberty Ferry at 11 o'clock. Tickets procurable of auctioneers at No. 4 Pine-street, or of Mr. AHERN, at his office, No. 66 Wall-street.

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By LEVI A. GOODE, at Jersey City, N. J., on the premises, at 3 P. M., at a bankruptcy sale, under the direction of JOHN H. PLATT, Esq., assignee, four lots of land, located in the Seventh Ward of Jersey City, and situated on North sixth-street, near Prospect-street, together forming a plot 100 by 100.

To-morrow, Tuesday, May 7.

By MULLER, WILKINS & CO., at the Exchange, at public auction, the two lots, together with the two-story and attic and three-story brick house thereon, situate on the south-east corner of Greene-st., between Grand and Canal streets, known as Nos. 58 and 60; lots, each 25 by 100 feet. Also, at a trustees' sale, adjourned from Tuesday of last week, one building lot on the north side of Seventy-ninth-street, 90 feet west of Third-avenue, and two lots in the rear, fronting on East Eighty-fifth-street, in size each 21 by 102.5. Also, at public auction, the following-described property, County estate: A noticeable proposed sale, twenty-five choice and extra-sized lots, with first-class two-story and attic stone-house thereon, located on Anderson-avenue, near the Harlem River Railroad depot, within five minutes' walk of McCoombs' Bridge, and on a line with One Hundred and Sixty-first-street, New-York. House is size, 25 by 50, with extension 13 by 26. Plots in each are 25 by 100. Title perfect. The above firm will also offer at auction in a partition sale, beautiful property as follows: Four lots, with two and four story brick factory buildings thereon, situate on the north-west corner of Lexington-avenue and Observer-street. The buildings are fire-proof, in good order, and ready for occupation. Engine, boiler and shafting will be sold with the property if desired. Lots each 100 by 100 feet.

By E. H. LUDLOW & CO., at the Exchange, at public auction, valuable improved City real estate, viz.: The first-class four-story high-stoop brown-stone house and lot, No. 25 West Twenty-fifth-street, south side, just west of Broadway: the dwelling is built in the most substantial manner, and is fitted up in every respect desirable, and is now and has been occupied by the former owner for his own use, and in fine order throughout; lot 25 by 98.8. The entire large three-story brick dwelling, No. 76 Amity-street, east side, between Madison and Monroe streets, (formerly occupied by Messrs. LORD & TAYLOR.) size 27.3 by 55, with a one-story building covering entire lot, 52.3 front, 27 feet rear, by an average depth of 117 feet, and the four-story and basement brick store known as No. 94 Church-street, situated on the easterly side of the street, between Franklin and White streets, and covering the entire lot, 21 by 75, with independent walls. Leased until May 1, 1873, at $1,400 per year. Also, by order of SOLOMON J. FATMAN, executor, if not previously disposed of at private sale, the desirable five-story and cellar brick store and lot, No. 193 Front-street, westerly side, near Jacob-street; size of lot 22.6 by 64, with an extension to full depth of lot; has independent walls; lot 16.6 by 74.2.

By A. J. BLEECKER, SON & Co., at the Exchange, at public auction, a very valuable block of property, comprising some eighty City lots, located on the Grand Boulevard, and fronting on the Hudson River, between One Hundred and Thirty-fifth and One Hundred and Thirty-seventh street. On the property is a large residence, well built and fitted with every modern convenience. This sale is one of the most important projected for the week, and from its merits should command attention, as few properties now in the market possess a greater prospective value.

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ANCHOR LINE.

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NEW YORK AND GLASGOW.
SAIL EVERY WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.

Cabin passage, $80 and $100, according to location of state-room.
Second cabin, $60.
Steerage, $30.
Excursion tickets, good for one year, $160 and $180.
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Passengers booked through to all points in Great Britain, Ireland and the Continent at lowest rates.
Drafts issued for any amount, payable on demand in all parts of Great Britain and Ireland.
Apply at the Company's office, No. 7 Bowling Green, New York.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent.

CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.
PIER FOOT OF CANAL-ST., NORTH RIVER.
Sailing every Wednesday at 12 M., for YOKOHAMA and HONGKONG, touching at YOKOHAMA, KANAGAWA, NAGASAKI and SHANGHAI.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for CHAGRES, connecting with the Company's steamers for SAN FRANCISCO, touching at PORT ANTONIO, KINGSTON, SAVANILLA and ASPINWALL.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for HAVANA, connecting with the Company's steamers for VERACRUZ, touching at SAVANNAH.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for NASSAU, N. P.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for HAVANA, connecting with the Company's steamers for MOBILE, touching at KEY WEST.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for HAVANA, connecting with the Company's steamers for NEW ORLEANS, touching at KEY WEST.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for HAVANA, connecting with the Company's steamers for GALVESTON, touching at KEY WEST.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for HAVANA, connecting with the Company's steamers for CHARLESTON, touching at KEY WEST.
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Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for HAVANA, connecting with the Company's steamers for TAMPA, touching at KEY WEST.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for HAVANA, connecting with the Company's steamers for CEDAR KEYS, touching at KEY WEST.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for HAVANA, connecting with the Company's steamers for SAINT MARKS, touching at KEY WEST.
Sailing every Saturday at 12 M., for HAVANA, connecting with the Company's steamers for CARABELLE

SUNDAY SERVICES.

A Pleasant Day and Good Attendance at the Churches.

Father Hyacinthe on the Sacrifice of the Cross—Dr. Gallaudet at St. Ann's Free Church—Prisoner of the Vatican and Other Topics of Interest.

Annual Sermon for the American and Foreign Christian Union by Rev. Walter Clevenger.

Rev. Signor GAVAZZI, of the Italian Free Church, preached the annual sermon for the American and Foreign Christian Union, at Rev. Dr. HALL'S Presbyterian Church, corner of Nineteenth-street and Fifth-avenue, last evening, before a very large congregation, on the "Sacrifice of the Cross." The reverend gentleman commenced his discourse by observing that the sacrifice of Calvary, which consummated the world's redemption, was as much necessary to the fulfillment of God's divine purpose in the creation of the earth as the formation of man. As the only human creature of the earth men was its lord and master; yet by his very nature he was liable to err, and his fall was a just consequence of his existence. Original sin with all its attendant evils was the result of that fall. It prodigated humanity to crime, weakened its confidence in God and its respect for virtue, and by its influences tended to the complete eradication of religious principles from the soul. But it was wrong to suppose that the disobedience of God in Eden by Adam entailed a similar disobedience on all men. We inherit a body from our parents, but the soul and its governing power, the will, are the gift of God, and its possessor alone is responsible for its actions. He ridiculed the theory of the Catholic Church that the child was actually guilty of the crime of Adam, and that without baptism it could be forever excluded from the kingdom of heaven. A belief in such a doctrine would involve a doubt of the goodness and justice of God, and was entirely inconsistent with the fundamental principles of Christianity and humanity. As the fall of Adam (which evidenced the weakness of humanity) was necessary to the creation of the world) so was the sacrifice of Calvary necessary also to the completion of God's designs. He explained that original sin, being an offense committed by man against God, it could not be atoned, either by man or God, and the combination of the two in Jesus was requisite for the redemption of the human race. This sacrifice was the true expression of the infinite goodness, mercy and love of God. It was the embodiment of everything divine and holy, and exhibited the reality and sincerity of God's professions to man. The lessons of such a sacrifice pointed heavenward, and we are lost in conjecture upon the inexpressible benefits which the Savior showered upon us.

Services in St. Ann's Free Church—Sermon by Dr. Gallaudet.

The usual Sunday morning services were held in St. Ann's Free Church, in Eighteenth-street, near Fifth-avenue, yesterday. The sermon was preached by Dr. GALLAUDET, the pastor, who selected as his text the fourth verse of the ninth chapter of John: "I must work the works of Him that sent me, while it is day; the night cometh, when no man can work." The words or our Saviour, he said, were in harmony with those contained in the lesson of the day: Be ye doers of the word, and not hearers only. The divine author of these words made it appear beyond all doubt or controversy what His work was. He was to glorify the Father on earth, and work out His will; to inculcate the law of love of men toward God and toward each other; to show forth to the world in living light that all-embracing compendium of Christianity: love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, with all thy soul, with all thy mind, and thy neighbor as thyself. In the story of the Good Samaritan Jesus has illustrated how far we shall have to go to find our neighbor. In His own life, too, the way of Christian duty is clearly pointed out. By His teachings He preached the Gospel to the hungry and the lowly and broken-hearted comforted, and the scornful warned of their error. His life also illustrated the great doctrine which He preached, and which is applicable to spiritual as well as temporal labor: in the sweat of thy brow shalt thou eat bread. There is great reason to suppose that aside from the labors, travels, fastings and prayer of His ministry He had in earlier life labored at the trade of a carpenter. In this, as in spiritual life, has He left an example for the world's imitation throughout all time; and, as the physical man requires to be nourished in order to fit him for the toil of his hands, so needs the soul to be refreshed with spiritual bread from on high in order to prepare man for his Christian duties. In the performance of his spiritual duty he is to aim to forward the enterprises of Christianity, both by his labor and his means. No holier work can present itself than the extension of the Church of Christ, setting an example of holiness, training up the youth from the dawn of reason to the tender-hearted worshipers of Christ, the Lord. The good man and the good woman must ever remember that they labor in the spirit of God, who hath said: He that endureth to the end shall be saved.

"The Prisoner of the Vatican and the Crown He Wears."

Rev. T. N. BURKE, O. S. D., lectured on "The Prisoner of the Vatican and the Crown he Wears," last evening, at the Paulists' Church, Fifty-ninth-street and Ninth-avenue, to a very large audience. Starting from the premises that the Catholic Church is the seat of sanctity and the centre of unity, he traversed its history back to the period when Christ selected St. Peter from the disciples and elected to him the see on him the Church rested. Explaining the position assumed by the Church in various ages, and the different devotions characteristic of those periods, he tried to show that all the attacks of her adversaries the Church always produced much evidence. To the question of how a Church apparently so changeable can be considered the embodiment of the three elements of sanctity, unity and perpetuity, the reverend gentleman stated that as the Church is obliged to mark every phase of the human heart and disposition, she has always stood ready to defend each principle of her faith; and as the world assails her upon one point and another, she brings to bear all the resources at her command. First, the Incarnation required all her authority to establish its divine origin; then the Divine Materiality denied the adhesion of her adroit theologians; next the real presence of Jesus Christ in the Holy Eucharist being denied, the champions of the faith again came to her defense, and the result was the establishment of the feast of "Corpus Christi." He said: Coming down to our own times, that self-assertion and independence declares that while it can but recognize the beauty, antiquity, and other prerogatives of the Catholic Church, the Pope must have no influence, no voice, no power. Here the Pope stands alone in front of the Church, while the world arrays herself against this solidarity, until each Bishop of each diocese, assembled from all parts of the world and by solemn enactment set the seal of the council upon that crown worn by the Pope since the Church began. While claiming for this "head of the Church" infallibility in matters of faith only, Father BURKE said that he one for a moment supposed the Pope as a man wholly impeccable; he, too, must weep over imperfections, must own faults. Where the Pope stands up to propound the morality of the Church he is not infallible of himself, but because God made him so by that Holy Spirit which He promised to send to teach His disciples all truth. The spirit that aimed a blow at the Church through the head of the Church had aroused the spirit of devotion to the Pope, as so recently manifested by all Catholics throughout the world. And although deprived of his temporal crown, his devoted followers still recognise in him the true exponent of their faith—the legitimate depository of the truth.

Sermon Before the Home Missionary Society at the Broadway Tabernacle.

The anniversary sermon before the American Home Missionary Society at the Broadway Tabernacle was delivered yesterday evening by Rev. E. K. ALDEN. A large audience listened to the discourse. The text was taken from the sixteenth chapter of Roman's, sixteenth verse: "Salute one another with a holy kiss. The Churches of Christ salute you." The speaker remarked that the first tendency of people when called upon to establish missions is to look toward foreign lands and send their money in what they consider great enterprises. They totally ignore the imperative demands for aid nearer home, and send their offerings to distant lands to build up churches, convert the heathen, and relieve suffering. After a time, they begin to see that evangelical work is needed at home as well as abroad, and then contribute to home missions, but the first impulse is undoubtedly to send aid abroad. The speaker then sketched the different changes in the Church system, and urged the importance of uniting the home mission with the Church organizations, so as to bring about a fellowship of churches and individuals. He closed with a fervent appeal to all to assist in this vital work of regeneration.

Sermon at the Second Presbyterian Church, in Harlem.

Rev. ROBERT SLOSS preached yesterday morning in the Harlem Second Presbyterian Church, from Galatians vi., 14: "God forbid that I should glory, save in the cross of Christ." The preacher maintained that glorying in this world's possessions could not compare with the glorifications of all Christians by Christ. The glory of riches was a worthless ambition, society, culture and refinement, but Christians should glory in the cross of Christ. Every nation glories in her heroes and wealth, but at the same time they should remember what WOLSEY said years ago: "Had I served my God as I have served my King, He would not have left me in my old age." It is not safe to glory in anything save the love of Christ, who will protect and care for you whatever misfortunes may befall you.

LABOR REFORM.

Convention of the American League—Heroic Grenier Denounced.

The second annual Convention of the American Labor Reform League assembled yesterday in room 13, Cooper Institute, at 10½ A. M., and was called to order by Mrs. E. L. DANIELS, of Boston. Mr. B. H. HEDENDORN was introduced, and spoke hopefully of the effect that this labor Convention would have upon society. He denounced the New-England Labor Reform League as "playing into the hands of capitalists" instead of carrying out the objects for which it had been organized. The American Labor Reform League was constituted to take action with no political party, but to act in the interests of labor. It was shameful that such a man as GREELEY should be placed at the head of a national ticket. The object of such action, he believed, was, first, to lift him up into notorious prominence, and then to put him down into safe oblivion. He ridiculed the professed reformers, philosophers and scholars who put a man forward as a candidate for the Presidency who is so strongly opposed to the rights of woman. He then spoke at length upon what he considered the wrongly-existing relations between capital and labor.

Mr. WALTON then followed in a denunciation of capitalists, bondholders, Washington, Tammany and Wall-street "rings," and said that all power should be taken out of the hands of false legislators.

Mr. INGALLS advocated internationalism in an ingenious argument, and Mr. HUME followed in a similar strain.

Mr. SHEDEKEMMMER said that his religion was the cultivation of the soil, but he did not advocate Western emigration. He wanted property in New-York or on Long Island.

After a recess, the Convention met again at 2½ P. M., Mr. JOHN OWEN presiding. Mr. WOLF, in his remarks, spoke against the Cincinnati Convention, and denounced those who did not advocate an equal subdivision of land. The greatest manufacturers, he said, were the greatest thieves.

On motion of Mrs. E. L. DANIELS, L. K. JAELIN, J. K. INGALLS and Mrs. LUCY MULLIKINS were appointed a Committee on Organization.

Mr. ORMSBY, who, in addressing the Convention, attempted an eulogy of HORACE GREELEY, was interrupted with sarcastic remarks from all sides.

Mrs. DANIELS said that the national debt should be canceled, and that the South had a right to secede if it wished.

Miss G. M. SHERLOCK, a handsome young lady, becoming indignant at what she considered some preposterous views of that relations between men and women, indulged in by a previous speaker, made a speech, mostly in prose, in favor of the rights of woman to respect and the privilege of the same opportunities allowed to men to earn a livelihood, and believed their reasoning faculties to be equally as great as the opposite sex. Considerable discussion was then indulged in by those present, and one lady, advanced to be a spiritualist, and said to believe herself the wife of King SOLOMON, was especially conspicuous. A second recess was then taken, and the Convention reassembled at 7½ P. M.

Mr. WM. HANSON, the first speaker, said that he who takes money from another without a similar equivalent in return is a trader of no value in a State. If a different state of things existed, such thieves as FISK, TWEED, and TOM SCOTT, of Pennsylvania, could never have flourished. Labor for labor was the only proper equivalent. Patent laws, class privileges, and the present apprentice system should be abolished, also the laws of supply and demand. He drew a beautiful picture of what the world would be if the ideas which he had set forth in his address were accepted. Three hours a day labor would make a man rich, he would have twenty-one left for self-improvement and enjoyment, and the free-love principle would be triumphant.

A long series of resolutions in favor of woman's rights, general equality and denouncing HORACE GREELEY and the men who nominated him, was then adopted. Several other addresses were then made, and the Convention adjourned until this morning.

UNREDEEMED PLEDGES.

A Curious Collection of Medals in a Bowery Window—Records of War and Peace—Cyrus W. Field's Congress Medal Found.

Strolling up the Bowery, a few nights ago, the writer's attention was attracted to the window of an establishment on the corner of Broome-street, the stock in trade consistine of unredeemed pledges bought at pawnbrokers' sales. Lying in promiscuous heaps and hanging from the gas-fixtures were watches, diamond jewelry, musical and mathematical instruments, guns, pistols, swords, mechanical tools and innumerable other articles that probably at some time were presented as souvenirs of friendship to be lovingly cherished by the recipient, but necessity sent them to the pawnbroker.

The catalogues of a pawnbroker's sale is a curious study, comprising, as it does, everything in the range of male and female wardrobes, every article of jewelry worn for use or ornament, and every variety of mechanical tools and instruments used in science and art. And every article, could it speak, could tell either a tale of sorrow, suffering, robbery, or perhaps murder.

Some things are parted from with less reluctance than others. A needy man's first pledge to the pawnbroker is his watch. It is so convenient to say that it is not running and that it is left at the store, its absence should be noticed. Other jewelry follows, until the wardrobe is surrendered. Clothing is generally redeemed. Watches, jewelry, tools and the like are purchased by such speculators as the one whose store is mentioned, and sold generally at their full value to people in search of bargains. The writer entered the Bowery store and asked to be shown some medals, a number of which were exposed for sale in the window. Curious as were the wares of this establishment, its proprietor was a unique character. At the time of the visit he had been indulging in copious draughts of lager-beer. His history, as narrated by himself, was of an interesting character. JAMES CASSIDY is a native of the Emerald Isle, and a lineal descendant of BRIAN BORU, of ancient Hibernian renown. Arriving in America, about twenty-seven years ago, after much struggling fortune she started into business on the corner where he is now located, with $5 capital. He is now, he says, worth nearly $200,000.

On examining the stock, the writer found the following articles, which had at last found their way to the shelves of the unredeemed pledge-vender. First on the list were two silver Enabah medals, formerly the property of British soldiers distinguished for good conduct. One was dated 1798 to 1814, and had four clasps inscribed "Toulouse," "Orthez," "Vitharia" and "Salamanca," historic engagements in the war with NAPOLEON. Another, without a clasp, was dated 1846, for India medal dated 1837-1838, such as are presented to the soldiers of the British East Indian Army, was next examined, besides another inscribed Delhi. The next medal examined was one inscribed on one side "*Nostra, Piena Laboris*, Royal Dublin Society, instituted 1731," and on the reverse, "To John Brennan, for Drawings from the Round Fine Arts, 1849." The next was a British Army medal with a clasp inscribed "Perak," and presented to Bugler J. KELLEY, Second Bombay, E. N. E. L. Several gold medals were then inspected. The first one was a champion medal awarded to CHARLES NICOLL, for hop, step and jump, 1858. On one side is engraved an eagle and a lion in a wreath of laurel, and the inscription, "*Nemo me Impune Lacessit*," and on the reverse a Scotch cap and claymores crossed. The second gold medal examined was a very fine one and engraved as follows: "First Prize, Harlem Medal Yacht Club, fourth annual regatta, taken by yacht *Electric Spark*, Commodore J. E. Ebeling, owner, June 18, 1868." reverse, Neptune, with inscription, Harlem Model Yacht Club, 1868. A gold pioneer badge inscribed, "Presented by Pioneer P. C. to C. W. Genet," and with handsomely-engraved emblems, was next looked at. Several Knights Templars' red-cross badges of gold enamel, with the motto "*In hac Signo Vinces*," were then examined. Next was a heavy gold fireman's flag, inscribed "Owl No. 1, A. McMullan, Druid Steam Fire-engine." There was also a gold badge inscribed on one side as presented to WILLIAM C. WHELAN by attaches in front of the New Bowery Theatre; reverse, "*Multum in Parvo*, June 14, 1868." A gold medal inscribed on one side "Walnut Hill School, 1861," reverse, "Excelsior, Julian T. Davis," and next a gold star medal inscribed "John McKay, from his friends of Norfolk, Champion Caesman of Virginia."

The most curious thing in the collection was a large bronze medal, in a handsome case, bearing upon its face an engraved head of CYRUS W. FIELD, with the ocean, and two ships laying the Atlantic Cable beneath, and the inscriptions. "Honor and fame are the reward; indomitable perseverance and enduring faith achieve the success." Reverse side: "By resolution of the Congress of the United States, March 2, 1867, to C. W. FIELD, of New-York, for his foresight, faith and persistency in establishing telegraphic communication by means of the Atlantic Telegraph connecting the Old with the New World." There was an engraving of a scroll, globe and fasces. The face of this national medal, which bears every sign of genuineness, being exposed for sale as an unredeemed pledge is a mystery which is difficult to explain.

An antique silver crucifixion, which the proprietor averred was a relic from Antioch, 900 years old, was exhibited as a great curiosity. It is black with age, but as there is no other evidence than the word of the store-keeper, its genuineness may be questioned for.

A dingy-looking violin, placarded "Cremona, 1720," was pointed out by the same gentleman, who, not being gifted with the art of awakening the plaintive music that might have been contained in the seedy-looking instrument, was obliged to accept the assessment as veracious, though not without a suspicion that the long bow was being drawn. The proprietor then exhibited with much enthusiasm a rough-looking cane which he said was a Cork-nolan stick, made of Irish blackthorn. Other articles whose claims to antiquity were somewhat mythical were brought out from corners and hidden recesses, when the writer after a hasty survey of such deponent sell satisfied with the results of his visit.

NEW-YORK AND SUBURBAN NEWS.

NEW-YORK.

The boarding-house of S. L. STEIN, No. 117 East Seventeenth-street, was damaged to the extent of $100 yesterday morning by fire.

SIMON MICHEL, of No. 126 South Fifth-avenue, was found in Sixth-street, near Second-avenue, suffering from spotted fever, and sent to Bellevue Hospital by the Police.

The Cunard steam-ship *Batavia*, which was damaged by being run into by the White Star line steamer *Atlantic*, on Saturday, has been repaired, and went to sea yesterday.

The fancy-store of J. M. LEVEY, No. 320 Greenwich-street, was damaged $600 by fire yesterday evening. THOMAS HARLEY'S dwelling, on the floor above, was damaged $250 on furniture.

Officer SULLIVAN, of the Fourth Precinct, on Saturday night, found ROBERT BOWLES, of No. 48 Jersey-street, armed with a slung-shot. Justice DOWLING held BOWLES for trial.

For pointing a loaded revolver at his wife ADELAIDE, and threatening to shoot her, BENEDICT NEWBUX, of No. 190 West Houston-street, was held for trial at Jefferson Market yesterday.

ROBERT CLOSEY and DAVID CASEY were arraigned before Justice DOWLING at the Tombs, yesterday, for assaulting Jas. HAGGERTY and Catherine HAGGERTY, of No. 94 Thomas-street, on Saturday night.

CHARLES CRAGSWORD, of West Twentieth-street, was committed at Yorkville Police Court, yesterday, on a charge of stealing a horse and wagon belonging to ALEXANDER POLHEMUS, of No. 600 Sixth-avenue.

The ex-policeman, JOHN KEATING, who cut JOHN MANNING, alias Muggins, on the head with a carving-knife on Saturday night in James-street, was held for trial by Justice DOWLING yesterday.

Early yesterday morning the dwelling-house of Mrs. MOSES FRANK, No. 26 Stanton-street, was damaged $300 by fire; insured for $6,000 in the Bowery, $3,000 in St. Nicholas, and $2,500 in the Pacific Company.

PHILIP MCMAHON, THOMAS KELAHER and JAMES BRADY quarreled last night at the corner of Twenty-second-street and Second-avenue. BRADY was knocked down and stabbed, and KELAHER and MCMAHON were arrested.

In the Yorkville Police Court, yesterday, PHILIP SMITH, aged nineteen, was locked up without bail for forcibly outraging a young colored woman named ABBY MCINTYRE, in a stable in Forty-ninth-street on Saturday night.

DANIEL H. MOORE, of No. 68 Madison-street, and JOHN MCKENNA, of No. 39 Eldridge-street, quarreled in front of No. 81 Allen-street. MOORE was stabbed in the right side and MCKENNA was cut under the left eye. Both were arrested.

H. ROSENBURGH'S tailor-shop, No. 4 Delancey-street, yesterday was damaged $600 by fire caused by an incendiary fire. The Fire-Marshal arrested ROSENBURGH for arson, but subsequently discharged him, the proof being insufficient.

Some rags under the stairs of No. 57 Oak-street caught fire yesterday morning, damaging the building to the extent of $1,200. BENJAMIN BERKOWITZ'S furniture-goods store on the first floor was damaged $400; insured in the London Liverpool and Globe Company.

The White Star steam-ship *Baltic*, which left Liverpool on April 24 and Queenstown on April 25, reached this port this evening. Her advices are fresher by two days than those already at hand. The line has our thanks for liberal supplies of foreign journals.

Hon. HENRY C. DEMING, formerly member of Congress from Hartford, and author of *Life and Campaigns of Gen. U. S. Grant*, will lecture on "Farragut Lashed to the Shrouds at the Battle of Mobile Bay" at the Academy of Music, on Wednesday evening next, for the benefit of the Chicago orphan asylums.

BROOKLYN.

MARY LEONARD split open the skull of PATRICK DONOVAN, her brother-in-law, with a tea-cup, during a supper-party at her dwelling-house in Hicks-street, near Amity, on Saturday evening.

NEW-JERSEY.

Yesterday morning THOMAS SMITH, a boarder at Mrs. BEMEN'S, No. 5 Exchange-place, Jersey City, fell from the fourth-story window into the basement area, a distance of sixty feet. He died in two hours.

An unknown man was killed by the early freight-train, bound westward, on the New-Jersey Railroad, yesterday morning, near East Newark. He was walking on the track, and could not be seen by the engineer until it was too late. The locomotive and several cars passed over the body, cutting it entirely in two and horribly mangling it. The remains were removed to Newark and placed in the dead-house. Deceased was a young man, apparently about twenty-one years old, and well dressed. There is no clue to his identity.

The Belgian Murder—The Case of Carl Vogt to be Brought Before Gov. Hoffman.

The prisoner CARL VOGT, who is supposed to be JACOB STUPP, one of the murderers of his master, the Chevalier DUBOIS DE BRANCO, in Brussels, Belgium, on the 14th of October last, who stands charged with bringing stolen property into this State, will most likely be delivered up to the Belgian authorities for transmission to that country to be appropriately dealt with by the authorities there. The facts of the case are few and simple. The residence of the murdered nobleman was discovered on fire on the morning of the 15th of October. The flames succeeded in extinguishing the fire when the building was partially consumed. The body of the Chevalier was found in his library, stabbed in several places, and investigation by the detectives showed that the safe had been opened and a large amount in Belgian and French railroad bonds taken. Some of these bonds, months after, came back to Belgium and were stopped on the Brussels Bourse. The secret police of Belgium traced these bonds to London and thence to this City. Detective FARLEY, of the Central Office, under the direction of Superintendent KELSO, went to work on the case and found that the bonds had been left in a Broadway gambling-house by VOGT, whom he arrested in Philadelphia. It was found that the prisoner could not be extradited, for the reason that no extradition treaty exists between this country and Belgium. VOGT or STUPP was therefore held on a charge of bringing stolen property into the State, and has now been found guilty under an unrepealed State law of 1826 gives the power to the Governor to surrender a foreign criminal charged with felony to the authorities of the country in which the prisoner has committed the offense. Assistant District-Attorney SULLIVAN and Mr. FOUNMEY, of Counsel DEVE, on the part of the prosecution, and Messrs. ANTHON and GROSS, the counsel for the prisoner VOGT, have been notified to appear before Gov. HOFFMAN, this week, and argue the legality of the statute referred to.

A Queer Proceeding.

In July, 1869, the residence of Mrs. F. B. CONWAY, lessee of the Brooklyn Theatre, was entered and robbed of a quantity of jewelry and wearing apparel amounting in value to more than $1,000. The Police searched in vain for the thieves and the stolen property, and the matter was dropped. On Saturday about noon, a woman of respectable appearance and good address called upon Mrs. CONWAY at her house in Cumberland-street, and restored to her possession $600 worth of jewelry, which had been stolen in 1869. The woman gave her name as Mrs. ROGERS, and said that she resided at No. 4 Bowery, New-York. The Police were unable to find her at the address given when they called there later in the day.

An Officer of the Eleventh Precinct Badly Beaten by a Gang of Thieves—His Prisoner Taken from Him.

The Eleventh Precinct has of late been pestered by a gang of desperate thieves, who have given an immense deal of annoyance to the Police of the precinct by standing on the street corners and insulting ladies passing during the daytime, and assaulting and robbing citizens at night. Yesterday evening, about 6:30 o'clock, Officer THOMAS SAW JOHN LOVE, one of the leaders of the gang, loafing around the ward, drunk and disorderly. The officer promptly arrested him, and marched him in the direction of Union Market with all possible haste. But the friends of LOVE, thieves like himself, were determined not to allow their comrade to be recaptured with such apparent ease. When near the Station-house the gang assailed Officer SHAVER, knocked him down and beat him badly. He attempted to use his revolver, but could not, as his arm was disabled by a savage kick from one of his assailants. Some woman who saw the brutal assault on SHAVER, ran to the Station-house and informed Sergt. MELLEN, who sent out the reserve officers in the Station-house. Capt. MURPHY, who was in another part of the Ward at the time, hearing of the affair, hurried to the scene. On the arrival of the officers, SHAVER was lying on the ground

[Advertisement.]
DR. PITCHER'S CASTORIA
Is a substitute for castor-oil and has the most remarkable effects ever produced by any remedy. Unlike oil, pills, or nauseous syrups, it is pleasant to take. It does not nauseate, but prompt the bowels, on the contrary, it assimilates the food, and is sure to physic where the bowels are out of order. We have the record of many thousands of sudden colds cured where the bowels moved for five, ten, and even twenty days, and where constant vomiting had existed, with violent congestions and serious fevers. It contains neither mineral, morphine nor opium, and is equally adapted to adults and children. It is like magic for stomach-ache, wind-colic, constipation, &c. Every family should have it. We know what the Castoria is, and defy the physicians and nurses to find another thoroughly test it. We will furnish such persons without charge. J. B. ROSE & CO., No. 42 Broadway, New-York.

[Advertisement.]
STORAGE FOR FURNITURE, &C.
The largest and best-equipped establishment in the United States for the safe-custody and storage of furniture, baggage, &c., is made an exclusive business by HARGER'S warehouses, in Eighth-avenue, extending from Thirty-third to Thirty-fourth-street. Goods can be forwarded without previous notice; are raised and lowered on steam elevators, and stored in separate tightly-closed or slatted compartments, of any size, which are always accessible.

[Advertisement.]
A. A.—GREELEY—If he have not an elegant and comfortable hat his costume must fail to appear genteel. Call for the "Greeley" at 214 Bowery. He has made it his study to provide the very perfection of head-dress. He has succeeded at No. 214 Broadway.

Passengers Arrived.

In steam-ship Italy, from Liverpool.—Mr. Hooper, Miss Cooper, Mrs. Cooper, Miss Cooper, Mr. A. Spencer, Mrs. A. C. Corsan, Mrs. Corsan, infant and nurse, Master Willie Corsan, Mrs. David Folsom, Mrs. Folsom, R. Peet, Mrs. R. Peet, Miss Peet, Dr. Mead, Mrs. Mead, E. B. Mead, C. Mead, Miss Mead, Miss Mead, Miss C. C. Mead, Miss M. L. Mead, Mrs. Adams, F. M. Sumner, C. G. Sumner, A. Buttlemer, A. B. Jaski, Mrs. Jaski, E. A. Cadd, Feed. Cadd, Prof. Smyth, J. D. Kremelberg, Patrick Moar, R. K. Howard, N. Howard, Miss Howard, E. Adams, Mrs. Livingston, R. Partridge, Mrs. Partridge and nurse, Miss Mary Partridge, Master Allen Partridge, Mortimer T. Partridge, R. P. Coddington, G. W. Scott, Rev. T. L. Gulick, J. Watts, Mrs. Watts, J. C. Bonn, Mrs. A. G. P. Dodge, Master Dodge, Mr. Morey, Mrs. Morey, infant and nurse, Masters Morey, Miss Morey, C. F. Hubbard, Mrs. Hubbard, S. C. Goodloe, Mrs. Goodloe, Gilbert Elliott, C. S. Hoyt, J. Vanderheyl, Wardt and wife, Dr. Bisbee, C. S. Reed, Mr. Nollam, Mr. Ford, Mrs. Ford, Dr. Thomas, Mrs. E. B. Thomas, Mrs. A. C. Jenning, Mr. Booth, Mrs. Booth and son, Mrs. Clarke, Master Clarke, Edwin Booth, Miss Lizzie Booth, Mrs. Hubbert, Mrs. Dolan, Mr. Helmbold, J. T. Thomas, J. W. Salisbury, Josephine Parker, Charles Rice, Miss Bachman, C. S. Dawson, Thos. Belshaw, Mr. and Mrs. A. V. Ayres.

In steam-ship Hermann, Liebknecht, from Bremen.—A. T. Mosman, wife, 2 children and servant; B. L. de Forest and wife, W. M. Underhill and wife, R. J. Stevenson and wife, Mrs. S. Gundesheimer, 4 children and servant; Mrs. Hawkes, Miss Frankie Hall, Mrs. and Miss Mitchell, Mrs. Pearce, Miss Almy, Miss Julia Arnold, J. P. Dean and wife, Dr. D. M. Merrill and wife, Miss Merrill, Miss Mary Sohl, Mrs. Sprigell, Miss Sprigell, Mrs. Smith, Miss Smith, J. L. Willets, wife and infant, H. Richard, children and servants, Mrs. M. Fisher, Mrs. Prentiss, Mrs. Prast, E. Isaacs and wife, Miss Isaac, Mrs. A. Lock, 2 children and servant, Mrs. Christie, Miss Anna Irwin, Miss Catherine Remer, W. L. Welsh and servant, S. Smith, Jr., D. M. Mathews, W. Howard, R. Campbell, P. Carpenter, B. Holt, P. Dillon, Isaac Morris, A. Stengl, A. Moar, S. Stern, Wm. M. Davis, J. Cook, P. Berolair, J. Hugele, T. Walters, James Walker, George Romer, James E. Terpenny, Dr. Dodd, Mrs. Dodd, Charles Dodd, John Dee, F. H. Jackson, John Harney, J. T. Rogers, Wm. Hanlan, and 42 in the steerage.

In steam-ship Algeria, from Liverpool.—Mr. and Mrs. Burkill, C. H. Hunter, D. Dodge, Miss E. Butler, Miss Butler, Mrs. Sims, Miss Burkill, James Tenambleton, James Cowell, Miss Mapledon, Mrs. Holliday, Rev. G. B. Rogers, wife and 3 children, Mrs. Adlam, Mrs. Lopez, 2 children and Mayne, Mr. Ford, Mr. Stone, E. G. Gayford, Mrs. W. Fraser, John Daniel, N. H. Maycock and wife, Henry Arthur Maycock, William Maycock, Rev. Mr. Pilsworth, Rev. Mr. Owen, Mrs. Owen, R. Petre, T. K. Chapman, Mrs. J. M. Richards, Mrs. Thomas Fletcher, Mrs. H. Foote, Miss M. McCarthy, Mrs. E. C. Mumbet and infant, Mrs. Madison and 2 children, Mrs. and Mrs. E. R. Morgan, Charles Flynn, David Jones, Alexander Morrison, Charles S. Taylor, Capt. Meldrum, Thomas McCarthy, Mrs. Lawson, Jose A. Virgint, J. H. Cochrane, Mr. Strachan, John Thomas, David Thomas, H. N. Maycock, Richard Maycock and Miss Maycock.

In steam-ship City of Washington, from Liverpool.—Mr. Todd, Mr. Turnellit, F. Morgan, F. Kirkpatrick, Mrs. Barry, Mrs. Fleischmonns and servant, Miss M. Stafford, J. Adams, R. C. Coleman, S. Livingston, F. Carlson, L. Alman, E. H. Williams, C. Wainwright, and 1,536 in steerage.

MISCELLANEOUS ALMANAC—THIS DAY.
Sun rises....4:47 | Sun sets....7:01 | Moon rises....4:38
HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.
Sandy Hook, 8:56 | Gov. Island, 7:47 | Hell Gate....9:09

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK, SUNDAY, May 5.

Arrived.

Steam-ship Louis, Whitehead, New-Orleans April 27, and S. W. Pass same day, with mdse. and passengers to W. M. Crowell & Co. Had moderate weather to lat. 32; since then had strong gales from S. E. to S., with heavy rain-squall; since passing Hatteras had strong N. and N. W. winds.

Steam-ship Nonquitt, Hedges, New-Bedford, with mdse. and passengers to Ferguson & Wood.

Steam-ship Panita, Doane, Philadelphia, with mdse. and passengers to Lorillard Steam-ship Co.

Steam-ship Washington, Lewis, Washington and Alexandria, with mdse. and passengers to George B. Merrick.

Steam-ship City of Washington, (Br.,) Lochead, Liverpool 26d and Queenstown 27th, with mdse. and 1,319 passengers to John G. Dale.

Steam-ship Baltic, (Br.,) Kennedy, Liverpool April 26 and Queenstown 28, with mdse. and 869 passengers to J. G. Speare.

Steam-ship Herman Livingston, Cheeseman, Savannah, May 2, with mdse. and passengers to W. R. Garrison.

Steam-ship Isaac Bell, Blakeman, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to Old Dominion Steam-ship Co.

Ship Ringleader, (of Boston,) Hamlin, Hong Kong Jan. 4, with mdse. to Russell, Howes & Co. Had light, S. E. monsoons to Anjier Jan. 26, thence light S. China Sea; passed Anjier Jan. 16, and Java Head 20th, of which was becalmed 5 da.; thence light S. E. trades; passed Cape of Good Hope Feb. 20; had variable winds and fine weather off the Cape and very light S. E. trades to lat. 5 S., from thence to the equator, was 12 da., with light, baffling airs and calms, with much rain; crossed the equator April 4, in lon. 24 30 W.; had light S. E. trades to lat. 3 N., and lost them in lat. 10, since which had light airs and calms for 14 da., and then variable winds and fine weather.

Ship Elizabeth Nicholson, (of Amen.) Webster, Calcutta Jan. 20, with mdse. to Arkell, Turle & Co. Had moderate winds to the Cape of Good Hope, which was passed March 5; thence had very light S. E. trades; crossed the equator March 29, and had light winds and fine weather.

Ship Forest Chief, (of Halifax,) Rettie, Liverpool, 23 da., with mdse. to order. Passed Anjier Jan. 16, and Java Head 20th, of which was becalmed 5 da.; thence light S. E. trades; passed Cape of Good Hope Feb. 20; had variable winds and fine weather off the Cape, and very light S. E. trades to lat. 5 S., from thence to the equator, was 12 da., with light, baffling airs and calms, with much rain; crossed the equator April 4, in lon. 24 30 W.; had light S. E. trades to lat. 3 N., and lost them in lat. 10, since which had light airs and calms for 14 da., and then variable winds and fine weather.

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Bark Matilda, (of Sid., St. John, N. B.,) Welsh, Matanzas 13 da., with molasses to order. Has had fine weather and been 3 da. N. of Hatteras.

Bark Gelso Razo, (Ital.,) Pallo, Boulogne 35 da., with cement to order—vessel to Punch, Edye & Co. Came in southern passage, and had variable weather.

Bark Magdalena, Griffin, Augustura via Carenas, 9 da., with molasses to B. H. Howell, Son & Co.—vessel to D. A. de Lima. Has had fine weather the entire trip.

Bark Christina, (Pr.,) Esposito, Boulogne 30 da., with cement to Dunscie & Senyutze—vessel to master. Came in southern passage and had variable weather.

Bark Brasil, (of London,) Mackay, Bahia 21 da., with rosewood to order—vessel to Geo. F. Bailey. Crossed the equator April 4, in lon. 26, and since had fine weather.

Bark Princesse Alexandra, (Dan.,) Virden, St. Croix 12 da., with sugar to Rodhe Bros. & Co. Has had light, variable winds, and been 4 da. N. of Hatteras.

Brig Elinda, (of London,) Crowing, Messina 6 da., with fruit to F. S. Robinson—vessel to Geo. F. Bailey. Passed Gibraltar March 19; came a middle passage, and had sinoor W. and S. W. gales; lost fore topgallant mast; April 10, lat. 39, lon. 68, spoke bark Tidal Wave, from Messina for Philadelphia.

Brig Amelia, (of Shelburne, N. S.,) Deaff, Messina 25 da., with fruit to John B. Hoyt & Co.—vessel to Benj. Sen & Co. Passed Gibraltar March 18; came a middle passage and had variable weather.

Schr. Harry Bluff, (of Salem,) Beeson, Barcoo 19 da., with fruit to Thomas Madge—vessel to E. J. Waring. Sailed in co. with schr. Storm King, for New-York.

Schr. Sarah E., (of Machias,) Scallops, Tybee, P. S., 5 da., with lumber to master.

Schr. Storm King, (of Provincetown,) Hosier, Barcoo 18 da., with fruit to Wm. Douglas—vessel to E. J. Waring. Has had heavy N. E. gales.

Schr. Mary A. Mathis, (of Salem,) Bowen, for Cape Ann, in ballast, with loss of sails; put in for harbor.

Schr. E. D. Abel, Preston, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. A. S. Barnes, Hutchinson, Providence, do.

Schr. Reuben G. Collins, Hill, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Isaac Waller, Rowberry, New-Haven, do.

Schr. R. P. King, Rivers, New-London, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Thos. Bennett, Bennett, Newport, for Philadelphia.

Schr. H. G. Gurney, Gurney, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Frank Marvin, Brown, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. W. W. Rockwell, Hinds, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Judge Sumner, Lewis, New-Haven, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Hunter, Grant, New-London, for Georgetown, D. C.

Schr. Robert Cox, Parker, New-Haven, for Baltimore.

Schr. Caroline Kelsoal, Brown, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Wm. P. Burton, Adams, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Joseph Hay, Rankin, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. A. F. Kindberg, ——, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Mary Crosby, Kelly, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. S. T. Wheat, Hulse, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Sloop D. G. Floyd, Gibbon, Fall River, for Rondout.

Schr. Fannie G. Russell, Ch